11th February 1958]

(b) Particulars of the allotment are as follows :—

Period.		Quantity allotted to foundries in the City.	Quantity allotted to foundries in the districts.
(1)		(2)	(3)
		TONS.	TONS.
1st quarter, 1957	..	152	223
2nd quarter, 1957	..	1	4·5
3rd quarter, 1957	..	81·5	135·5
4th quarter, 1957	..	80	137
Total	..	314·5	500

(c) Yes.

(d) It was pointed out to the Government of India that the allotment of pig iron to this State was absolutely inadequate and they were requested to allot at least 1,500 tons per quarter to this State. The Government of India stated that the supply position of pig iron was very acute as this country produced hardly 50 per cent of its needs and that import was not also possible. They have, however, promised to bear in mind the case of this State for a suitable increase in the next year when there would be some improvement in the supply position. The position will be watched and the Government of India approached at the appropriate time.

SRI V. CHAKKARAI CHETTY : Are these officers guilty of serious offences like . . .

MR. CHAIRMAN : That relates to the previous question.

SRI T. PURUSHOTHAM : As I believe that it is the duty of the State to ensure adequate supply of raw materials to industrial concerns, will the Hon. Minister indicate to us the steps taken to provide needed raw materials to private enterprise on a planned basis?

THE HON. SRI R. VENKATARAMAN : The Government of India have appreciated the position and the Minister in his letter has stated that he will bear the Madras case in mind for a suitable increase in quota next year.

DR. V. K. JOHN : Is the Hon. Minister aware that pig iron is exported in very large quantities to Japan and other places?

THE HON. SRI R. VENKATARAMAN : No, not at all.

Kundah Hydro-Electric Scheme.

* 7 Q.—SRI T. PURUSHOTHAM : Will the Hon. the Minister for Electricity be pleased to state the names of the villages that will be submerged by the Kundah Hydro-Electric Scheme and the extent, number of houses and population involved and the steps taken to rehabilitate them?

[11th February 1958

THE HON. SRI V. RAMAIAH : An area of about 1,987·95 acres in parts of Ithalar, Manjanad, Mulligur, Kilkundah, Bikkatti and Balacola villages will be submerged by the Kundah Hydro-Electric Scheme involving 125 houses and 675 people.

Compensation for the lands along with the buildings thereon will be given to those concerned and alternative lands will be provided for the affected persons to the extent possible.

SRI T. PURUSHOTHAM : Will the Government ensure that the rehabilitation measures are completed sufficiently in time before the hydel scheme is ready to be put into action?

SRI V. CHAKKARAI CHETTY : Is the electricity scheme so very valuable as to compensate the loss to be suffered by the villagers?

THE HON. SRI V. RAMAIAH : Of course, this particular scheme is much more valuable.

The rehabilitation problem is not at all acute or serious but it is a small problem and it is being attended to. All will be able to settle before the scheme is completed.

MR. CHAIRMAN : Questions are over.

[*Note.*—**An asterisk (*) at the commencement of a speech indicates revision by the Member.**]

III.—ADJOURNMENT MOTION *RE* INFRINGEMENT OF FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS OF CITIZENS BY BANNING OF PROCESSIONS AND MEETINGS IN MADRAS CITY.

MR. CHAIRMAN : I have received a notice of motion under rule 43 of the Madras Council Rules from Dr. V. K. John for the adjournment of the business of the House to discuss a definite matter of urgent public importance, namely, the action of the Government in infringing the fundamental right of citizens conferred by the Constitution of India by preventing the processions and meetings in the City during the recent visit of the Prime Minister to Madras and arresting Members of Parliament and the Legislature and detaining them without trial.

I rule the motion out of order under rule 50 of the Madras Council Rules for the reason that, though the motion refers to a definite matter of public importance, the subject-matter of the motion does not involve more than the ordinary administration of law and also for the reason that the Member has ample opportunity to refer to this matter and express his views thereon in the course of the discussion on the Motion of Thanks to the Governor for his Address.

Now, we will continue the discussion on the Governor's Address.